
Real Algebraic Geometry I – Exercise Sheet 12

Exercise 1 (4P). Let A be a commutative ring and $P, Q \in \text{sper } A$. Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a) There does not exist a prime cone H in A with $P \subseteq H$ and $Q \subseteq H$.
- (b) There is $f \in A$ with $f(P) > 1$ and $f(Q) < 0$.

Exercise 2 (4P). Let R be a real closed field and $p \in R[\underline{X}]$. Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a) $p \geq 0$ on R^n
- (b) $\hat{p} \geq 0$ on $\text{sper } R[\underline{X}]$

Hint: Consider R as a ordered subfield of all representations fields R_P of prime cones P of A .

Exercise 3 (4P). Let A and B be commutative rings, $\varphi: A \rightarrow B$ a ring homomorphism and P a prime cone of A . Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a) There exists a prime cone Q of B with $\varphi^{-1}(Q) = P$.
- (b) For all $r \in \mathbb{N}$, all $a, a_1, \dots, a_r \in P$ with $a \notin -P$ and all $b_1, \dots, b_r \in B$

$$\varphi(a) + \sum_{i=1}^r \varphi(a_i) b_i^2 \neq 0.$$

Exercise 4 (4P). Let A be a commutative ring and $P, Q_1, Q_2 \in \text{sper}(A)$ with respective supports $\mathfrak{p}, \mathfrak{q}_1, \mathfrak{q}_2$. Prove:

- (a) $P \subseteq Q_1 \cup Q_2$ implies that there is an i such that $\mathfrak{p} \subseteq \mathfrak{q}_i$.
- (b) $P = Q_1 \cup Q_2$ implies that there is an i such that $P = Q_i$.

Exercise 5 (4P). Let A be a commutative ring and P a prime cone of A . Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a) P is a minimal element of $\text{sper } A$ (partially ordered by inclusion).
- (b) $\forall a \in \text{supp}(P) : \exists k \in \mathbb{N}_0 : \exists b \in P \setminus -P : \exists c \in \sum(P \setminus -P)A^2 : a^{2k}b + c = 0$

Please submit until Thursday, February 2, 2017, 11:44 in the box named RAG I, Number 10, near to the room F411.