

**Tutorial No. 7 *Dynamical Systems: Theory and Numerics***

Return: 12am, Thursday, 17.01.02. Metal box: Rutka/Schick (next to 48/208)

**Exercise 24:**

An ODE of the form

$$\ddot{y} + p(t)\dot{y} + q(t)y = 0$$

with  $p(t), q(t) \in \mathcal{C}^1$  can be put in the form

$$\ddot{x} + \omega(t)x = 0$$

with  $\omega(t) \in \mathcal{C}^1$ , using the transformation of Liouville:

$$x(t) = y(t)e^{-\frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^t p(\tau) d\tau}.$$

Does Lyapunov-stability of  $(x, \dot{x}) = (0, 0)$  imply the Lyapunov-stability of  $(y, \dot{y}) = (0, 0)$ ?

Hint: Consider the ODE  $\ddot{y} - \frac{2}{t}\dot{y} + y = 0$ .

**Exercise 25:**

Consider the two-dimensional system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\frac{x}{2} - y^2 \\ \dot{y} &= -\frac{y}{4} + x^2\end{aligned}$$

- Check that the origin  $(0, 0)$  is an equilibrium point and derive the linearization around  $(0, 0)$ .
- Construct a Lyapunov function for the linear system and determine the stability of the origin.
- Check that the Lyapunov function of 2) is an appropriate Lyapunov function for the nonlinear system.

**Exercise 26:** (*Symplectic Euler*)

Consider a Hamiltonian system

$$\dot{q}_i = \frac{\partial \mathcal{H}}{\partial p_i}, \quad \dot{p}_i = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{H}}{\partial q_i}$$

where the Hamiltonian can be written as  $\mathcal{H} = T(p) + U(q)$ . Then the *Symplectic Euler method* is defined by

$$\begin{aligned} q_{i+1} &= q_i + h \frac{\partial T}{\partial p}(p_i) \\ p_{i+1} &= p_i - h \frac{\partial U}{\partial q}(q_{i+1}) \end{aligned}$$

- a) Determine the consistency order of the method.
- b) Show that the method is invariant if  $p$  and  $q$  are interchanged and time is reversed.
- c) Apply the scheme to the harmonic oscillator  $\ddot{x} + x = 0$  (numerically).

**Exercise 27:** (*Programming exercise*)

Consider the outer solar system (see extra sheet). Use an explicit solver of your choice to compute the solution up to time  $T = 200000$  (days) with step size  $\sim 10$  (days). Monitor the Hamiltonian. All the necessary information (initial conditions, etc.) can be found on the extra sheet! Apply the symplectic Euler with fixed step size  $h = 10$  days and compare.