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Optimierung

http://www.math.uni-konstanz.de/numerik/personen/volkwein/teaching/

Program 1 (6 Points)

Submission by E-Mail: 2014/05/21, 10:00 h

Note:

- Work in **groups of 2 to 3 members**! The members have to be participants of the **same tutorial group**!
- Do not forget to write **name** and **email adress** of the authors in each file and document your code well!
- Only **running programs** will be considered!
- Stick to the **given function and parameter definitions** as described below! You should not modify them in name or concerning the input and output arguments.

Implement the Armijo stepsize algorithm from the lecture using MATLAB. Write herefore a function

```
function [t] = armijo(fhandle, x, d, t0, alpha, beta, amax)
```

in a file armijo.m. The function returns the stepsize t that complies with the Armijo condition. As input arguments the function accepts a function handle fhandle, current point x, descent direction d, initial stepsize t0, parameters alpha and beta as known from the lecture and amax the maximum number of iterations.

Implement the general descent method (Algorithmus 3.4) with direction $d^k := -\frac{\nabla f(x^k)}{\|\nabla f(x^k)\|}$ using the Armijo stepsize strategy. Write a file gradmethod.m for the function

function [X] = gradmethod(fhandle, x0, epsilon, nmax, t0, alpha, beta, amax).

with initial point x0, tolerance epsilon for the termination condition $\|\nabla f(x^k)\| < \epsilon$, nmax the maximum number of iterations, and parameters t0, alpha, beta and amax for the Armijo rule.

The program should return a matrix X = [x0; x1; x2; ...] containing the whole iterations.

Test your program by using the following functions and parameters:

- The function f(x) = cos(x)/x with x ∈ [2π, 6π], epsilon=1.0e-3, nmax=100, t0=1, alpha=1.0e-2, beta=0.5 and amax=100. Consider two different initial points x0: x0=12 and x0=14. Explain the results in the written report.
- 2. The Rosenbrock function $f(x) = 100(x_2 x_1^2)^2 + (1 x_1)^2$, $x = (x_1, x_2)^\top \in \mathbb{R}^2$, with x0 =[1;-0,5], epsilon=1.0e-2, t0=1, alpha=1.0e-2, beta=0.5 and amax=100. Call the function for nmax=1000 as well as for nmax=4000: Comment on the results in the written report.

Herefore, write function files cosinus.m and rosenbrock.m which accept an input argument x and return the function and gradient values at x.

Finally, write a file main.m where you set the parameters and input functions and call the descent algorithm.

Send your MATLAB source code files to the corresponding tutor.