



## POSITIVE POLYNOMIALS AND MOMENT PROBLEMS—SS 2019

### Recap Sheet 1

*This recap sheet aims to self-assess your progress and to recap some of the definitions and concepts introduced in the previous lectures. You do **not** need to hand in solutions, but please try to answer as many questions as you can since this is a very good training in preparation of your final exam. If you should have any problem, please do not hesitate to attend Maria's office hours on Wednesdays 2-3 pm in room F408.*

Denote by  $\mathbb{R}[\underline{X}] = \mathbb{R}[X_1, \dots, X_n]$  the ring of polynomials in  $n$  variables with real coefficients.

- 1) Recall Hilbert's 1888 Theorem about the relation of  $\mathcal{P}_{n,d}$  and  $\Sigma_{n,d}$ . Give examples of polynomials  $p \in \mathcal{P}_{n,d} \setminus \Sigma_{n,d}$  for the cases  $(n, d) = (3, 6)$  and  $(n, d) = (4, 4)$ .
- 2) State the Stengle-Krivine Positivstellensatz and recall the structure of the proof from your real algebraic geometry script. Which principle in real algebraic geometry plays a crucial role in the proof?
- 3) State Hilbert's 17th problem and solve it using the Stengle-Krivine Positivstellensatz.
- 4) Recall the definition of saturated preordering.
- 5) Let  $n = 1$ . Give an example of a compact basic closed semi-algebraic set  $K$  and two descriptions of  $K$  such that for one the corresponding preordering is saturated while for the other is not.
- 6) Let  $n = 1$ . Recall the natural description of a basic closed semi-algebraic set in  $\mathbb{R}$ . Use this to give an example of a non-compact basic closed semi-algebraic set  $K$  and two descriptions of  $K$  such that for one the corresponding preordering is saturated while for the other is not.
- 7) Let  $n = 2$ . Give an example of a compact basic closed semi-algebraic set  $K$  and two descriptions of  $K$  such that for one the corresponding preordering is saturated while for the other is not.
- 8) Let  $n = 2$  and  $S := \{X^3, 1 - X\}$ . Is the preordering  $T_S$  saturated? If not, can you give another description of  $K_S$  such that the corresponding preordering is saturated?
- 9) What can you say about saturation if  $n \geq 3$ ?
- 10) Give an example of a saturated preordering in  $\mathbb{R}[X_1, X_2, X_3]$ .