# ÜBUNGEN ZUR VORLESUNG POSITIVE POLYNOME 

## BLATT 06

These exercises will be collected Tuesday 15th June in the mailbox n. 14 of the Mathematics department.

1. Let $E / F$ be a field extension. Show that
(i) $S \subseteq E$ is algebraically independent over $F$ if and only if $\forall s \in S: s$ is transcendental over $F(S \backslash\{s\})$.
(ii) $S \subseteq E$ is a transcendence base for $E / F$ if and only if $S$ is algebraically independent over $F$ and $E$ is algebraic over $F(S)$.

We recall that a ring is said to be local if it contains exactly one maximal ideal.
2. We denote by $\mathbb{R}[[\underline{x}]]$ the ring of formal power series with coefficients in $\mathbb{R}$.
(i) Show that $\mathbb{R}[[\underline{x}]]$ is a local ring.
(ii) Let $f \in \mathbb{R}[[\underline{\mathrm{x}}]]$,

$$
f=f_{k}+f_{k+1}+\ldots
$$

where every $f_{i}$ is homogeneous of degree $i, f_{k} \neq 0$. Assume that $f$ is $\operatorname{sos}$ in $\mathbb{R}[[\underline{\mathrm{x}}]]$. Show that $k$ is even and $f_{k}$ is a sum of squares of forms of degree $k / 2$.
3. Consider $K=[-1,1] \subset \mathbb{R}$. Note that $K=K_{S}=K_{S^{\prime}}$, where $S, S^{\prime} \subset \mathbb{R}[\mathrm{x}]$, $S=\{1-\mathrm{x}, 1+\mathrm{x}\}$ and $S^{\prime}=\left\{1-\mathrm{x}^{2}\right\}$.
(a) Show that $T_{S}$ is saturated.
(b) Show that $T_{S^{\prime}}$ is saturated as well.
4. Let $A$ be a commutative ring with 1 and let $\chi:=\operatorname{Hom}(A, \mathbb{R})=$ $\{\alpha: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \mid \alpha$ is a ring homomorphism $\}$. Define the map

$$
\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{Hom}(A, \mathbb{R}) & \longrightarrow \text { Sper } A \\
\alpha & \mapsto P_{\alpha}:=\alpha^{-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^{\geqslant 0}\right) .
\end{aligned}
$$

## Show that

(i) the map is well-defined, i.e. $P_{\alpha} \subseteq A$ is an ordering;
(ii) it is injective, i.e. $\alpha \neq \beta \Rightarrow P_{\alpha} \neq P_{\beta}$;
(iii) $\operatorname{support}\left(P_{\alpha}\right)=\operatorname{ker} \alpha$;
(iv) for every $a \in A$ define $\hat{a}: \chi \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by $\hat{a}(\alpha)=\alpha(a)$ and $\mathcal{U}(\hat{a}):=\{\alpha \in$ $\chi \mid \hat{a}(\alpha)>0\} ;$ then $\mathcal{B}=\{\mathcal{U}(\hat{a}) \mid a \in A\}$ is a pre-base for a topology $\tau$ on $\chi ;$
$(v)$ for every $a \in A$ the map $\hat{a}: \chi \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is continuous with the respect to the topology $\tau$;
(vi) if $\tau_{1}$ is another topology on $\chi$ such that $\hat{a}$ is continuous for every $a \in A$, then $\mathcal{U}(\hat{a}) \in \tau_{1}$ for every $\hat{a}$;
(vii) the spectral topology on Sper $A$ induces (by the map above $\chi \rightarrow$ Sper $A$ ) a topology on $\chi$ which agrees to $\tau$.
5. Let $A$ be a commutative ring with 1 containing $\mathbb{Q}$. Let $T$ be a generating preprime and $M$ a maximal proper $T$-module. Suppose $M$ is Archimedean. Define the map

$$
\begin{aligned}
\alpha: A & \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\
a & \mapsto \inf \{r \in \mathbb{Q}: r-a \in M\} .
\end{aligned}
$$

Show that $\alpha$ is a ring homomorphism.

