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Real Algebraic Geometry I – Exercise Sheet 12

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**Exercise 1** (4P). Let  $R$  be a real closed field and  $p \in R[\underline{X}]$ . Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a)  $p \geq 0$  on  $R^n$
- (b)  $\hat{p} \geq 0$  on  $\text{sper } R[\underline{X}]$

**Hint:** Consider  $R$  as a ordered subfield of all representations fields  $R_P$  of prime cones  $P$  of  $A$ .

**Exercise 2** (4P). Let  $A$  and  $B$  be commutative rings,  $\varphi: A \rightarrow B$  a ring homomorphism and  $P$  a prime cone of  $A$ . Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a) There exists a prime cone  $Q$  of  $B$  with  $\varphi^{-1}(Q) = P$ .
- (b) For all  $r \in \mathbb{N}$ , all  $a, a_1, \dots, a_r \in P$  with  $a \notin -P$  and all  $b_1, \dots, b_r \in B$

$$\varphi(a) + \sum_{i=1}^r \varphi(a_i)b_i^2 \neq 0.$$

**Exercise 3** (4P). Let  $A$  be a commutative ring and  $P, Q_1, Q_2 \in \text{sper}(A)$  with respective supports  $\mathfrak{p}, \mathfrak{q}_1, \mathfrak{q}_2$ . Prove:

- (a)  $P \subseteq Q_1 \cup Q_2$  implies that there is an  $i$  such that  $\mathfrak{p} \subseteq \mathfrak{q}_i$ .
- (b)  $P = Q_1 \cup Q_2$  implies that there is an  $i$  such that  $P = Q_i$ .

**Exercise 4** (4P). Let  $A$  be a commutative ring and  $P$  a prime cone of  $A$ . Show that the following are equivalent:

- (a)  $P$  is a minimal element of  $\text{sper } A$  (partially ordered by inclusion).
- (b)  $\forall a \in \text{supp}(P) : \exists k \in \mathbb{N}_0 : \exists b \in P \setminus -P : \exists c \in \sum(P \setminus -P)A^2 : a^{2k}b + c = 0$

Please submit until Thursday, February 2, 2017, 11:44 in the box named RAG I, Number 10, near to the room F411.