

Real Algebraic Geometry II – Exercise Sheet 4

**Exercise 1** (6P) Consider  $(\mathbb{R}(X, Y), \leq)$  where  $\leq$  is the unique order on  $\mathbb{R}(X, Y)$  such that

$$\begin{aligned} \{r \in \mathbb{R} \mid r \geq X\} &= \mathbb{R}_{>0} & \text{and} \\ \{r \in \mathbb{R}(X) \mid r \geq Y\} &= \mathbb{R}(X)_{>0} \end{aligned}$$

(see Exercise 1 on Sheet 3 from Real Algebraic Geometry I).

- (a) Show that the elements of the quotient group  $\mathbb{R}(X, Y)^\times / \mathcal{O}_{(\mathbb{R}(X, Y), \leq)}^\times$  are clopen in  $\mathbb{R}(X, Y)$  with respect to the order topology.
- (b) Show that  $\mathbb{Z}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}(X, Y)^\times / \mathcal{O}_{(\mathbb{R}(X, Y), \leq)}^\times, (i, j) \mapsto \overline{X^i Y^j}$  is a bijection.
- (c) Find a continuous function (with respect to the order topology)

$$f: [-1, 1]_{(\mathbb{R}(X, Y), \leq)} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}(X, Y)$$

for which there is no  $a \in \mathbb{R}(X, Y)$  such that the image of  $f$  is contained in  $[-a, a]_{(\mathbb{R}(X, Y), \leq)}$ .

**Exercise 2** (6P) Is the semialgebraic set

$$\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 < 1\} \cup \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid 0 < x < 1, -1 < y < 1\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$$

$\mathbb{R}$ -basic open?

**Exercise 3** (4P) Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . We call  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  a *test function* if  $f$  is infinitely often differentiable and  $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid f(x) \neq 0\}$  is bounded in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that the constant zero function is the only semialgebraic test function.

**Exercise 4** (2P) Let  $(K, \leq)$  be an ordered subfield of  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$  and  $\emptyset \neq S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$   $K$ -semialgebraic. Show that the function

$$\mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto \text{dist}(x, S) = \inf\{\|x - y\| \mid y \in S\}$$

is continuous and  $K$ -semialgebraic.

**Exercise 5** (6P) Let  $S$  be a closed semialgebraic subset of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with

$$\Gamma_{\text{exp}} = \{(x, e^x) \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\} \subseteq S.$$

Show that there is  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  with

$$\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x \leq c, 0 \leq y \leq e^x\} \subseteq S.$$

**Please submit until Tuesday, May 23, 2017, 11:44 in the box named RAG II near to the room F411.**